MODEL QUESTION PAPER FOR LIMITED INSOLVENCY EXAMINATION

1.	The applications containing the objections raised by the creditor or debtor shall be decided
by	the Adjudicating Authority of such application, and make an order as it
de	ems fit.
	a) within 7 days
	b) within 14 days
	c) within 21 days
	d) within 28 days
	Ans.(b)
2.	Where the committee of creditors resolves to continue the interim resolution
	professionalasresolutionprofessionalundersection220ftheIBC,2016,theresolution needs to
	be passed by a majority of notlessthanper cent of voting share
	of the financial creditors.
	a) 50
	b) 66 c) 75
	d) 90
	Ans.(b)
	7413.(0)
3.	A resolution professional shall file an application to the Adjudicating Authority to
	extendtheperiodoffasttrackresolutionbeyonddays, if instructed to doso
	by a resolution passed at a meeting of the committee ofcreditors.
	a) 45
	b) 90
	c)18o
	d)270
	Ans. (b)
4.	A corporate debtor shall be deemed to have given a preference at a relevant timeunder
	theIBC,2016ifitisgiventoarelatedpartyduringtheperiodofpreceding the
	insolvency commencementdate.
	a) two years
	b) threeyears
	c) fouryears
	d) five years
	Ans.(a)

5.	Under the IBC, 2016, an RP may make an application for avoidance of transactionsto
	ifthetermsofsuchtransactionrequiredexorbitantpaymentstobemadeby
	corporatedebtor.

- a) IBBI
- b) Specialcourt
- c) NCLAT
- d) Adjudicating Authority

Ans. (d)

- 6. Which of the following is an 'excluded asset' for the purposes of Part III of the IBC, 2016 dealing with insolvency resolution and bankruptcy forindividuals?
 - a) Unencumbered single dwelling unit irrespective of its value.
 - b) Encumbered single dwelling unit irrespective of its value.
 - c) Unencumbered single dwelling unit of prescribedvalue.
 - d) Encumbered single dwelling unit of prescribed value.

Ans.(c)

- 7. Who prepares a list of creditors of the bankrupt under section 132 of the IBC,2016?
 - a) Bankruptcytrustee.
 - b) Officialliquidator.
 - c) AdjudicatingAuthority.
 - d) Bankrupt.

Ans.(a)

- 8. Which of the following is not a function of an IBBI?
 - a) Issue authorisation for assignment
 - b) Lay down standards of professional conduct for itsmembers
 - c) Monitor the performance of itsmembers
 - d) Register the insolvency professionals who are its members

Ans.(a)

- 9. Which of the following members of the IBBI may be included as members of the DisciplinaryCommittee?
 - a) Independentmembers
 - b) Whole-timemembers
 - c) Executivemembers
 - d) Nominee members

Ans.(b)

10. An appeal may be filed to the Supreme Court against an order of the NCLAT on a

questionof	_arising out of such order.
a) law	
b) fact	
c) process	
d) admissibility of	evidence
Ans.(a)	
1	tor is required to dispatch the application filed with the NCLT for
-	e insolvency resolutionprocess to
a) all financialcredito	
• •	im resolutionprofessional
c) the corporatedebto	
d) prospective resolu	ition applicants
Ans.(c)	
12. Inacorporateinsolven thecorporatedebtor,_	cyresolutionprocess,ifthereareduestonumerousworkmenof
a) all workmen must	submit their claimsindividually
b) an authorized re workmen	presentative may submit one claim with proof on behalf of all
c) the resolution processolidate all suchcle	ofessional shall use an authorised representative to collect and aims
d) theresolutionprofe	ssionalshallannounceduesaspercorporatedebtors'recordsand invite
applications for dispu	tes, ifany
Ans. (a)	
	reditors are related parties of the corporate debtor, the committee of seof
,	creditors accounting for 75% of votingshare
• •	on professional and authorisedrepresentative
	onal creditors by value and one representative each of workmen and
ofemployees	
Ans. (d)	
	professional receives more than oneresolutionplan,
	pest plan for consideration of the committee ofcreditors
	hplansthatmeettherequirementsoftheIBC,2016andpresent them for
consideration of the c	
· ·	with the resolution applicant to improve their offer and thenselect the ration of the AdjudicatingAuthority
_	olication under section 60(5) of the IBC, 2016 for directions Ans.

(b)

- 15. Which of the following is not a requirement for a company to be registered as an insolvency professional agency?
 - a) Its sole object is to carry out the functions of an insolvency professional agency.
 - b) It has a minimum net worth of ten crorerupees.
 - c) It is promoted by a statutoryregulator.
 - d) It is not under the control of person(s) resident outsideIndia.

Ans.(c)

- 16. Who amongst the following is eligible for registration as an insolvencyprofessional?
 - a) A banker with 10 years of professional experience.
 - b) An advocate with 10 years of professional experience.
 - c) An MBA graduate with 10 years of managerial experience.
 - d) A graduate with 10 years of managerial experience.

Ans.(b)

- 17. Which of the following is not prohibited by the code of conduct for insolvency professionals?
 - a) Diligence while performing his functions and duties
 - b) Being engaged in employment while holding valid authorisation forassignment
 - c) Accepting gifts or hospitality from acreditor
 - d) Conducting business which in the opinion of the IBBI is inconsistent with the reputation of theprofession.

Ans. (a)

- 18. Who ordinarily decides the fees payable to a liquidator under the IBBI (Liquidation Process) Regulations,2016?
 - a) Committee ofcreditors
 - b) Corporatedebtor
 - c) IBBI
 - d) Adjudicating Authority

Ans.(a)

- 19. Which of the following may not prove existence of debt due to an operational creditor under the IBBI (Liquidation Process) Regulations,2016?
 - a) Records available with an informationutility.
 - b) A charge registered with Registrar of Companies.
 - c) A contract for the supply of goods and service.
 - d) An invoice demanding payment for the goods and services supplied.

Ans.(b)

20.	In which of the following circumstances voluntary liquidation is permissible? a) Where the committee of creditors decides to liquidate the company during the resolution period.
	b) Where the Adjudicating Authority does not receive a resolution plan of acompany.c) Where the company has no debt or can pay all its debts infull.
	d) Wherethereisafinancialdebtarisingoutofdefaultinpaymentofcounterindemnity obligation
	in respect of theguarantee. Ans.(c)
21.	An information utility holds financial informationasa
	a) trustee
	b) regulator
	c) custodian d) fiduciary
	Ans. (c)
22.	When a complaint and grievance is in the same matter, it will fall within the category of
	a) generalcomplaint
	b) complaint-cum-grievance
	c) complaint
	d) grievance
	Ans.(b)
23.	A show cause notice issued by the IBBI on consideration of an inspection reportneeds to be
	disposed ofbywithin six months.
	a) inspectingauthority
	b) IBBI
	c) AdjudicatingAuthority
	d) disciplinary committee Ans.(d)
24	As per the IBBI (Insolvency Resolution Process for Personal Guarantors to Corporate
<i>2</i> 4.	Debtors) Regulations, 2019, the resolution professional shall prepare a list of creditors
	within days from the date of publicnotice?
	a) 7
	b) 14
	c) 30
	d) 6o
	Ans.(c)
25	As per the IRRI (Rankruptcy Process for Personal Guarantors to Corporate Debtors)

	Regulations, 2019, a bankruptcy trustee shall submit a preliminary reportwithin	
	days of bankruptcy commencementdate?	
	a) 30	
	b) 45	
	c) 60	
	d) 90	
	Ans.(d)	
26.	Who among the following need not be given notice for the general meeting of a company?	
	a) A member of thecompany.	
	b) An assignee of an insolvent member of thecompany.	
	c) The auditor of thecompany.	
	d) A debenture holder of the company.	
	Ans.(d)	
27.	When a company has failed to commence its business within one year of its incorporation,	
	a) the registrar may strike off its name from the register of companiesb) it will be given a dormantstatus	
	c) its registration will be suspended	
	d) it will be referred to official liquidator	
	Ans.(a)	
28.	In terms of the Partnership Act,1932 the partner of a firm, where partnership is at will, mayretire	
	a) with the consent of all the other partners	
	b) in accordance with an express agreement by thepartners	
	c) by giving notice in writing to all the other partners of his intention toretire	
	d) without the consent of all the other partners	
	Ans.(c)	
29.	Every limited liability partnership shall file adulyauthenticatedwith the	
•	Registrar within sixty days of closure of its financialyear.	
	a) auditor'sreport	
	b) cash flowstatement	
	c) annualreturn	
	d) profit and loss statement	
	Ans.(c)	
30.	A contract in which one person promises to compensate the other person for the loss	
	suffered by him, due to the conduct of the promisor or of any other person, is known as	
	a) contract ofindemnity	

	b) contract ofguarantee c) quasi-contract d) contingent contract Ans.(a)
	When an instrument has been lost, then as per the Negotiable Instrument Act, 1881, until the contrary is proved, it shall be presumed thatitwas a) an expiredinstrument b) dulystamped c) dulyregistered d) duly signed Ans.(b)
	'P' transfers a garden to N for his life, with a proviso that, in case N cuts down a particular neem tree, the transfer shall cease to have any effect. N cuts down the tree. Decide the case in the light of the Transfer of Property Act,1882. a) N loses his life interest in thegarden. b) N does not lose his life interest in thegarden. c) No such provision is made under the Transfer of Property Act,1882. d) The transfer will become void-ab-initio. Ans.(a)
	Under the Sale of Goods Act, 1930, 'delivery'means a) gratuitous transfer of possession from one person toanother b) involuntary transfer of possession from one person toanother c) voluntary transfer of possession from one person toanother d) transfer of possession irrespective of whether it is gratuitous, involuntary, or voluntary, from one person toanother. Ans.(c)
34.	Thearbitrationagreementasdefinedinsection7(2)oftheArbitrationandConciliation Act, 1996may be a) in form of contract and a separateagreement b) in form of contract and a writtenagreement c) intheformofanarbitrationclauseinacontractorintheformofaseparateagreement d) in the form of an implied oral agreement. Ans.(c)
35.	Which of the following decides applications from the banks and financial institutions for recovery of debts of individuals due tothem? a) Debt RecoveryTribunal

b) Debt Recovery AppellateTribunal

- c) Securities AppellateTribunal
- d) Central Board of Direct Taxes Ans.(a)
- 36. As per the Securitisation and Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest Act, 2002, what constitutes a 'non-performing asset'?
 - a) An asset of a borrower which has been classified by a credit rating agency as doubtful.
 - b) An asset or an account of a borrower which has been classified by a bank as substandard or doubtful or loss asset, after 90 days ofdefault.
 - c) An account for which a borrower has refused torepay.
 - d) An asset of borrower's subsidiaries company which has failed to repay any of its debt. Ans.(b)

57.	AsperSEBI(ListingObligationsandDisclosureRe	, 6	oour u	01
	directors shall meetatleast	_times ayear.		
	a) 2			
	b) 3			
	c) 4			
	d) 5			
	Ans.(c)			
38.	Principle of res-judicataappliesto			

- a) suits only
- b) execution proceedingsonly
- c) arbitrationproceedings
- d) suits as well as execution proceedings Ans.(d)
- 39. What is a punishment prescribed under the Prevention of Corruption Act, 1988 for the offence relating to bribing the public servant by a commercial organisation?
 - a) With fineonly.
 - b) With fine and imprisonment of fiveyears.
 - c) With fine and imprisonment of threeyears.
 - d) No punishment prescribed.

Ans.(a)

- 40. Who will hear appeal against order passed by the State Real Estate Regulatory Authority?
 - a) State Real Estate Appellate Authority
 - b) HighCourt
 - c) National Company Law AppellateTribunal
 - d) Supreme Court

Ans.(a)

41.	Balance sheet of a company doesnotreflect
a) what th	he company owns and what the companyowes
	b) the assets and liabilities of thecompany
	c) the financial health of thecompany
	d) the income and expenditure of the company
	Ans.(d)
42.	Basic Earnings per Share (EPS) iscalculatedas
	a) Net profit /total number ofshares
	b) (Net profit - preferred dividend)/weighted average number of outstandingshares
	c) (Net Profit - Preference Share Capital) / Average sharesoutstanding
	d) (Net Profit - Dividend) /Total shares outstanding
	Ans.(b)
43.	A firm can enhance itsvalueby
	a) increasing workingcapital
	b) increasing capitalexpenditure
	c) decreasing cost ofcapital
	d) increasing debt
	Ans.(c)
11	The process whereby a company sells its receivables to a collection agent in order to secure
77.	a cash sum which is at a discount to the face value of the receivables is termed as
	process.
	a) debtfactoring
	b) creditfactoring
	c) sell perse
	d) cash collection
	Ans.(a)
	7 tilo.(a)
45.	Who will pay GST on the business (in respect of which any tax, interest or penalty is
	payableunderCGSTAct)carriedonbyaminor,orotherincapacitatedpersononbehalf of and for
	the benefit of such minor or other incapacitated person?
	a) Guardian
	b) Partner
	c) Director
	d) Such businesses are exempted from paying GST
	Ans.(a)

46.	As per the Constitution of India, which of the following courts is a 'court ofrecord'? a) High Courts and DistrictCourts
	b) District Courts, High Courts and Supreme Court ofIndia
	c) The Supreme Court of India and HighCourts
	d) District Court
	Ans.(c)
47.	Exchange markets and Over the Counter Markets are considered as two types of the counter Markets are considered as two types of the counter Markets are considered as two types of the counter Markets are considered as two types of the counter Markets are considered as two types of the counter Markets are considered as two types of the counter Markets are considered as two types of the counter Markets are considered as two types of the counter Markets are considered as two types of the counter Markets are considered as two types of the counter Markets are considered as two types of the counter Markets are considered as two types of the counter Markets are considered as two types of the counter Markets are considered as two types of the counter Markets are considered as two types of the counter Markets are considered as
	a) Intermarket
	b) Primarymarket
	c) Secondarymarket
	d) Risky market
	Ans.(c)
48.	A market which has only one seller selling a homogeneous product to many buyers is knownas
	a) oligopoly
	b) monopoly
	c) perfectcompetition
	d) monopolisticcompetition Ans. (b)
49.	Which of the following is not a settlement machinery appointed by the appropriate authorityforthesettlementoftheindustrialdisputesundertheIndustrialDisputesAct, 1947? a) Conciliationofficers b) LabourCourts
	c) Board of Arbitrators
	d) Courts of Inquiry
	Ans.(c)
50.	Inaforensicaudit, diversion of funds is best discovered by a review of a) the audited financial statement
	b) books of theCD
	c) bankstatements
	d) trial balance
	Ans.(c)
51.	TheHon'bleSupremeCourt,inMobiloxInnovations(P)LimitedvKirusaSoftware
	(P) Limited case, has interpreted theexpression"".
	a) OperationalCreditor
	b) Existence of Dispute
	c) Time value ofmoney

d) Doctrine of Repugnancy Ans.(b)

- 52. In the case of Sree Metaliks Limited and another v Union of India, it was held by Hon'ble Calcutta HighCourtthat_____.
 - a) section 7 of the IBC, 2016 is unconstitutional
 - b) section 7 of the IBC, 2016 must be read with the Section 424 of the CompaniesAct, 2013
 - c) the National Company Law Tribunal and National Company Law Appellate Tribunal have to adhere to the principles of natural justice barring exceptional circumstance
 - d) the principles of natural justice are expressly ousted from section 7 of the Code Ans.(c)
- 53. Inwhichofthefollowingcase, Hon'bleNCLThasupheldthat's hareholder has a right to decide whether approving or disapproving the decision be proceeded with the Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process under Section 10 of the IBC. Such rightdoes not stand curtailed by Deed of Pledge.'?
 - a) Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Co. Ltd. v Synergies Dooray Automotive Ltd. & Ors.
 - b) Consolidated Engineering Co. & Anr. v Golden Jubilee Hotels Pvt.Ltd.
 - c) Export Import Bank of India & Anr v Astonfield Solar (Gujarat) Pvt Ltd & Anr
 - d) Tata Steel Limited v Liberty House Group Pvt. Ltd. & Ors. Ans. (c)
- 54. In which of the following case, Hon'ble NCLT has held that 'Since, the attachment order passed by the court under Prevention of Money Laundering Act is hit by the provisions of Section 14 of IBC and considering the overriding effect of IBC under Section238oftheCode, the attachment order Under PMLAActis and United the Normal Section 14 of IBC and considering the overriding effect of IBC under Section238oftheCode, the attachment order Under PMLAActis and United the Normal Section 14 of IBC and considering the overriding effect of IBC under Section238oftheCode, the attachment order passed by the court under Prevention of Money Laundering Act is hit by the provisions of Section 14 of IBC and considering the overriding effect of IBC under Section238oftheCode, the attachment order passed by the court under Prevention of Money Laundering Act is hit by the provisions of Section 14 of IBC and considering the overriding effect of IBC under Section238oftheCode, the attachment order PMLAActis and Under Section 238oftheCode, the attachment of Under Section 238oftheCode, the attachment order PMLAActis and Under Section 238oftheCode, the attachment order PMLAActis and Under Section 238oftheCode, the attachment of Under Section 238oftheCode, the Under Sect
 - a) SREI Infrastructure Finance Limited v Sterling SEZ and InfrastructureLimited
 - b) State Bank of India vARGL
 - c) Affinity Finance Services Pvt Ltd v Kiev FinanceLimited
 - d) Small Industries Development Bank of India v Tirupati Jute industries Limited Ans.(a)
- 55. In which of the following cases, Hon'ble NCLAT has interpreted upon the powers of the Liquidator and held that 'the liquidator shall verify claims of all the creditors, take intocustodyandcontrolofalltheassets,property,effectsandactionableclaimsofthe 'corporate debtor', carry on the business of the 'corporate debtor' for its beneficial liquidation etc. as prescribed under Section 35 of IBC'?
 - a) M/s Era Infra Engineering Ltd. v Prideco Commercial Projects Pvt.Ltd.
 - b) S. C. Sekaran v Amit Gupta &Ors.
 - c) Consolidated Engineering Co. & Anr. v Golden Jubilee Hotels Pvt.Ltd.
 - d) Gammon India Limited v Neelkanth Mansions and Infrastructure Pvt. Ltd.

Attempt Questions 56-65 based upon the following case study/transaction analysis:

Mr. X holds the first meeting of his team as Interim Resolution Professional of Jumpee Cosmetics Limited ("Jumpee"). An application was made to the Adjudicating Authority by a joint lending forum, led by Kuber Bank who are owed Rs.1.3 crore, which was satisfied that a default had occurred (Jumpee had not made any repayments on the principal debt for six months, having also defaulted for three months towards the end of last year).

The Adjudicating Authority communicated the order under section 5(a) of the IBC, 2016 ("the Code") and sent notice of commencement of the corporate insolvency resolution process.

Richie,oneoftheseniormembersofX'steamaskstoseeXprivatelyandrevealsatthemeeting that his cousin is on the board of Jumpee. He explains that they have not seen each other socially for more than five years and have not discussed this matter. Richie is a forensic accountant, and a skilful strategist and X is very keen for him to remain on theteam.

Jumpee deals in cosmetics for reconstructive surgery or as an alternative for surgical intervention and thus, holds several licenses for live animal research and the blending of volatile chemical compounds and the current status of the licenses needs to be ascertained.

Havingcompletedanearly "walkround" of the main site, and having talked to Jumpee's main Security Officer, Mr. X selects a series of offices in the main building of the company's headquarters and call a meeting of three members of histeam.

With reference to the above-mentioned facts, answer the following questions:

- 56. With respect to the stated position of Richie, what shall be the reasonable step by Mr.X?
 - a) Richie may remain on the team as his relationship with his cousin is a distant one and it is reassured that he has had no social contact with him in the past fiveyears
 - b) Richie has to leave the team and return to the office as he is effectively an "independent director" of Jumpee and cannot be allowed to be part of the CIRPprocess
 - c) Richiemayremainontheteamasheisajuniormemberwithoutanysignificantinfluence
 - d) Richie must leave the team and return to the office as the Code of Conduct places high value on independence and impartiality

 Ans.(d)
- 57. WithrespecttothecircularissuedbyIBBIonJanuary16,2018requiringcertaindisclosures to be made by the Insolvency Professional in a Resolution Process in the interests of transparency, by when must the disclosure be made relating to the relationship between Richie and hiscousin?
 - a) Within 2 days of the appointment of the Interim ResolutionProfessional
 - b) Within 2 days of the constitution of the Committee of Creditors
 - c) Within 3 days of the appointment of the Interim ResolutionProfessional
 - d) Within 3 days of the constitution of the Committee of Creditors Ans.(c)
- 58. Who shall be held responsible for the loss suffered by Jumpee, after the commencement of CIRP, on account of non-compliance with the law due to a license for cosmetic products from

animal testing not being renewed ontime?

- a) The directors of the company, if their names were on the original application for thesaid license
- b) The Insolvency Professional will be responsible, and any loss will not form part of the insolvency Resolution Processcost
- c) The Company itself is responsible as it is a separate legal entity, and all contracts and transactions are being performed in itsname
- d) The senior employees and personnel of the company will be responsible as they are in the most senior position with the greatest knowledge of the practices of thebusiness Ans. (b)
- 59. After the Commencement of CIRP, Mr. X shall ensure publishing of Form G for Invitation for Expression of Interestby?
 - a) Within 75 days of the date of commencement of the ResolutionProcess
 - b) Within 90 days of the date of commencement of the ResolutionProcess
 - c) Within 105 days of the date of commencement of the ResolutionProcess
 - d) Within 115 days of the date of commencement of the Resolution Process Ans.(a)
- 60. Mr. X shall appoint Registered Valuersby?
 - a) within 27 days of the date of commencement of the ResolutionProcess
 - b) within 37 days of the date of commencement of the ResolutionProcess
 - c) within 47 days of the date of commencement of the ResolutionProcess
 - d)within 57 days of the date of commencement of the Resolution Process Ans.(c)
- 61. Mr. X before accepting the assignment as an Interim Resolution Professional would have submittedForm2underrule9ofIBBI(ApplicationtoAdjudicationAuthority)Rules,2016. What does Form 2 dealwith?
 - a) Application to initiate corporate insolvency resolution process
 - b) Written communication in connection with application to initiate corporate insolvency resolution process
 - c) Invoice determining payment under the Code
 - d) Consenttoactasinsolvencyprofessionalforinsolvencyresolutionofpersonalguarantor to corporatedebtor

Ans. (b)

- 62. Assuming Mr. X was in employment at the time of considering the offer of assignment, choose the correct answer from the following.
 - a) Mr. X can submit Form 2 only if he holds a valid authorisation for assignment
 - b) Mr. X can submit Form 2 and take authorisation for assignment before actual date of appointment

- c) Requirement of holding an authorisation for appointment does not arise for Mr. X as his name was proposed by a financial creditor
- d) Requirement of holding an authorisation for appointment would arise for Mr. X if his name were proposed by an operational creditor
 Ans. (a)
- 63. The two Registered Valuers appointed by Mr. X have provided estimates of fair value and liquidation value. In which of the following situation should Mr. X appoint a thirdvaluer?
 - a) Only if each of the valuers disagree with the value provided by the othervaluer
 - b) Only if the suspended board of directors of Corporate Debtor make such arequest
 - c) Only if he is of the view that the two estimates are significantly different
 - d) Only if the CoC by a majority of more than 50% of voting share recommends for such appointment

Ans. (c)

- 64. Mr. X has received a suggestion from one of the creditors that the liquidation value should be included in the information memorandum to fetch higher resolution value. Choose the correct answer from the following:
 - a) Liquidation value should be mandatorily included in the InformationMemorandum.
 - b) Only the liquidation value due to operational creditors can be include in the Information Memorandum.
 - c) Liquidation value may be included in the Information Memorandum if creditors pass a special resolution with 76 per cent voting rights ormore.
 - d) Liquidation value is not a mandatory content of the InformationMemorandum.

Ans. (d)

- 65. The Financial Creditors are contemplating to initiate insolvency proceedings on the Mr. P, thepersonalguarantortotheCorporateDebtor.TheyhaveapproachedMr.Xtotakeupthe assignment in relation to Mr. P. What should Mr. Xdo?
 - a) Mr. X should not agree to the request as he is not eligible for suchappointment
 - b) Mr. X should accept the request as he has complete knowledge of the corporate debtor which will help him in fasterresolution
 - c) Mr. X should file an application before NCLT seeking itsapproval
 - d) Mr. X should file an application before IBBI seeking its prior approval Ans.(a)

Attempt Questions 66-69 based upon the following case study/transaction analysis:

MM is a gym located at leased premises in Lajpat Nagar, New Delhi. Because of competition and other issues, MM is facing financial difficulties and its and it is not meeting its liabilities. All the efforts to revive the business, cut the costs or even sell the business wereunsuccessful. Payment to equipment suppliers and maintenance agencies are due for supplies/services provided in the previous 3 months amounting to around Rs.2 lakh. The rent for its premises remains unpaid for 3

months amounting to Rs. ninety thousand towards landlord Mr. D (the landlord had received advance rent for three months, lease deed provided for one-month rent as security and one-month rent as advance). MM has a loan account with XYZ Bank, which remains unpaid for last two months. The monthly EMI for the loan is Rs. 1 lakh. MM was managed by Mr. M, as a sole proprietor. MM has employed 7 persons, including 3 trainers, 1 accountant and 3 housekeeping staff. The salaries due to these employees were paid in half since the past four months. The housekeeping staff are covered under the definition of workmen. Mr. M made an application under Section 94 of the IBC, 2016 for initiation of insolvency resolution of MM. The Adjudicating Authority admitted the application and appointed P as resolution professional. The Adjudicating Authority considered the repayment plan approved by the creditors and rejected it.

- 66. Whether M could have applied for fresh startprocess?
 - a) Yes, before the National Company LawTribunal
 - b) No, MM is ineligible for applying for fresh startprocess
 - c) No, as it is required to seek prior approval of the IBBI
 - d) Yes, before the Debt Recovery Tribunal Ans.(b)
- 67. In the case which of the following isincorrect?
 - a) Mr. M can make an application forbankruptcy
 - b) The employees can make an application forbankruptcy
 - c) The bankruptcy process is automatically initiated with the rejection of repayment plan, without requiring anyapplication
 - d) TheorderofAdjudicatingAuthorityrejectingtherepaymentplanistobeprovidedtothe IBBI forrecord.

Ans. (c)

- 68. IntheabovesituationifabankruptcyorderispassedagainstMM, who shall prepare the list of creditors?
 - a) Bankruptcytrustee
 - b) MM
 - c) AdjudicatingAuthority
 - d) None, the list of creditors made by P shall be used.

Ans.(a)

- 69. In the bankruptcy proceeding what debts will be paid before the dues of the accountant of thebankrupt?
 - a) Unpaid debt owed to thetrainers
 - b) Dues of the housekeeping staff and the debts owed to the securedcreditors
 - c) Dues of Mr.D
 - d) Dues of suppliers

Ans.(b)

Attempt Questions 70-72 based upon the following case study/transaction analysis:

A Deed of partnership was executed between A and C wherein they both agreed to carry on business in partnership in the firm name of M/s Premier construction on the terms and conditions as recorded in the partnership deed. Clauses 6 and 7 of the partnership deed states that the duration of this partnership is not fixed, and it will, therefore, be a partnership at will. Eachpartnerwillbeentitledtoashareinthegoodwillofthefirm accordingtohisshareinthe partnership. If any partner wishes to retire from the firm, he can do so by giving notice in writing to the other partners of his intention to retire after completion of the pending construction works and the retirements hall take effect after the pending construction works are also also as the construction of the constructicompleted, accounts in respect thereofaretaken and the amount due at the foot of the accounts is paid or received by him, as the case may be. If the continuing partners take up any new construction work after receipt of such written notice from the retiring partner, the retiring partner shall not be liable in any manner in respect of such construction work. The retiring partner will have no claim in respect of the goodwill of the firm and the goodwill shall belong to the continuing partners according to the shares mutually agreed betweenthem.

ThepartnershipfirmobtainedacontractfortheconstructionofroadonNationalHighwayNo. 8 from M/s RAL Construction Partners but before the completion of construction of the said work M/s RAL Construction Partners gave a notice to M/s Premier construction for dissolving the firm. This action was taken by M/s RAL Construction Partners because according to the management of the business of the partnershipfirm.

With reference to the above-mentioned facts, answer the following questions:

- 70. Whether notice of Dissolution given by M/s RAL Construction Partners to M/s Premier construction istenable?
 - a) Yes, because the partnership is not for a fixed duration and is a partnership atwill
 - b) No, only partners can dissolve its partnership firm
 - c) No, retiring partners can initiate the dissolution offirm
 - d) No, only continuing partners can issue notice for dissolution of firm Ans.(b)
- 71. Amongst the following, what are not the prescribed modes of dissolution of firm as per Partnership Act,1932?
 - a) Dissolution byagreement
 - b) Dissolution by notice, when the partnership is at will
 - c) Dissolution on the happening of certaincontingencies
 - d) Dissolution by the orders of the Government Ans.(d)

- 72. How are the losses to be treated in case of dissolution offirm?
 - a) Payment to creditors only out of profits of company
 - b) Losses shall not be paid in case of dissolution bynotice
 - c) Losses shall be paid, first out of profits, then out of partners' capital and lastly, by the partners individually in their profit-sharing ratio, ifnecessary
 - d) Losses shall be paid out of partners' capital directly Ans.(c)

Attempt Questions 73-75 based upon the following case study/transaction analysis:

Mr. Rahul, an advocate, is in the business of providing professional services like filing of petitions before Tribunals and Courts. Mrs. Sonali, wife of Mr. Rahul, is are gistered Insolvency Professional (IP) with the IBBI. Mr. Rahul, in his capacity of an advocate, filed many applications relating to admission of corporate debtors before NCLT and his wife Mrs. Sonali being an insolvency professional in her own professional capacity acts as Insolvency Professional in all the cases her husband takes up. Mrs. Sonali within 6 months of becoming Insolvency Professional accepted 15 such assignments. She does not have any prior experience as an Insolvency Professional. While considering one such application for initiation of CIRP, NCLT observed that the fees charged by Mrs. Sonali for acting as insolvency resolution professional is exorbitant. Mrs. B contracted with the applicant to not only act as Interim Resolution Professional but also as Resolution Professional in all the 15 assignments that sheaccepted.

With reference to the above-mentioned facts, answer the following questions:

- 73. Is Mrs. Sonali right in accepting the assignments when it was her husband who proposed her name? Choose the most appropriateanswer.
 - a) Mrs.Sonaliisaprofessionalinherowncapacity.So,thereisnothingwronginheraccepting assignments.
 - b) The IPs are bound by Code of Conduct, which expressly bars an IP to accept an assignment which is being undertaken by any of hisrelatives.
 - c) TheCodeofConductrequirestheIPtomaintaincompleteindependenceinprofessional relationships. It is not correct on part of Mrs. Sonali to accept assignments which affect her independence.
 - d) Mrs. Sonali should have taken prior permission from IBBI before accepting such assignments to avoid any further disciplinary action
 Ans. (c)
- 74. IBBI has issued a show cause notice to Mrs. Sonali based on the adverse remarks made by NCLT. Choose the correctanswer.
 - a) IBBI does not have power to issue a show cause notice just because NCLT has made someobservations.

- $b)\ IBBIshould approach NCLT before is suing a show cause notice to confirm the remarks\ made\ by it.$
- c) IBBI is empowered by the Code to issue a show cause notice even without a complaint madeagainstIPifithasreasonablegroundstobelieveIPhascontravenedanyprovisions.
- d) Mrs. B should have taken prior permission from IBBI before accepting such assignments to avoid any further disciplinary action
 Ans. (c)
- 75. Assume that out of the 15 assignments Mrs. Sonali accepted, 2 are listed companies, 3 are unlisted public companies and 10 are private companies. Based on this assumption answer the following.
 - a) The number of assignments is within the limits prescribed under IBBI (Insolvency Professionals) Regulations,2016.
 - b) There is no cap in number of assignments that an IP can accept. However, IP must refrain from accepting too many assignments if he is unable devote enoughtime.
 - c) An IP can accept only 10 assignments in total as per extantprovisions.
 - d) An IP cannot accept more than one assignment at a time in case of a listed company. Ans. (b)